# Financial Statements Quarter II of 2025

for the accounting period ending on June 30, 2025

July 19, 2025



SAMETEL JOINT STOCK COMPANY Long Thanh Industrial Park, Street No. 1, An Phuoc Commune, Dong Nai Province

#### FINANCIAL REPORT

The second quarter of 2025

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**Financial Statements** 

The second quarter of 2025

## **BALANCE SHEET**

AT DAY 30 MONTH 06 YEAR 2025				
ARTICLE	CODE	INTER- PRETATION	CLOSING BALANCE	Currency: VND OPENING BALANCE
1	2	3	4	5
A. SHORT-TERM ASSETS (100=110+120+130+140+150)	100		72,619,635,105	75,500,876,735
I. Cash and cash exchangeable	110		14,334,686,774	5,421,901,022
1. Cash	111		14,334,686,774	5,421,901,022
2. Cash exchangeable	112		0	0
II. Short-term financial investments	120		0	0
1. Trading securities	121		0	0
Provision for lost due to the decrease in prices of trading securities (*)	122		0	0
3. Held-to-Maturity investments	123		0	0
III. Short-term receivables	130		39,903,556,436	64,775,772,330
1. Short-term Receivables from Customers	131		21,921,275,703	54,003,727,776
2. Prepayment to suppliers	132		3,161,877,020	11,504,267,660
3. Short-term Internal Receivables	133		3,101,877,020	11,304,267,000
4. Receivables by the Scheduled Progress of Construction	Harris Tox (1) Harris		U	0
Contracts	134			0
5. Receivables short-term loans	135		15,000,000,000	0
6. Other receivalbe	136		1,618,294,859	1,166,330,826
7. Provision for bad short-term receivables (*)	137		(1,797,891,146)	(1,898,553,932)
8. Insufficient Assets	139		0	0
IV. Inventories	140		17,274,283,859	5,119,790,999
1. Inventory	141		18,524,713,786	6,370,220,926
2. Provision for decline in inventory (*)	149		(1,250,429,927)	(1,250,429,927)
V. Provision for decline in inventory	150		1,107,108,036	183,412,384
Short-term prepaid expenses	151		159,056,460	183,412,384
2. Input VAT	152		948,051,576	0
3. Taxes and Receivables from State Budget	153		0	0
4. Repurchase Government Bonds Transactions	154		0	0
5. Others Current Assets	155		0	0
B. LONG-TERM ASSETS (200 = 210+220+240+250+260)	200		40,047,825,561	42,147,563,706
I. Long-term receivables	210		381,292,256	379,630,195
Long-term Receivables from Customers	211		0	0
2. Payables to seller: long-term	212		0	0
3. Capital of units directly under	213		0	0
4. Long-term Internal Receivables	214		0	0
5. Long-term loan receivable	215		0	0
6. Long-term others receivable	216		381,292,256	379,630,195
7. Provision for long-term doubtful debts (*)	219		0	0
II. Fixed assets	220		39,345,621,790	41,265,362,138
1. Tangible fixed assets	221		35,689,536,404	36,768,490,852
- The original price	222		67,977,998,920	69,386,617,197
- Accumulated depreciation	223		(32,288,462,516)	(32,618,126,345)
2. Financial lease assets	224		225,430,490	1,011,816,598
- The original price	225		1,775,673,644	3,984,944,715
- Accumulated depreciation	226		(1,550,243,154)	(2,973,128,117)
3. Intangible fixed assets	227		3,430,654,896	3,485,054,688
- The original price	228		6,257,688,564	6,257,688,564

- Accumulated depreciation	229	(2,827,033,668)	(2,772,633,876)
III. Invested real estate	230	0	0
- The original price	231	0	0
- Accumulated depreciation	232	0	0
IV. Long-term financial investments	240	0	46,296,296
1. Production in progress: long-term	241	0	0
2. Capital Construction in Progress	242	0	46,296,296
V. Long-term financial investments	250	0	0
Subsidiary company investments	251	0	0
2. Investments in Associates, Joint-Ventures	252	0	0
3. Investments in Other Companies	253	0	0
4. Provision for Long-term Investments Devaluation (*)	254	0	0
5. Held-to-maturity investments	255	0	0
VI. Other long term assets	260	320,911,515	456,275,077
1. Long-term prepaid expenses	261	320,911,515	456,275,077
2. Deferred income tax assets	262	0	0
Long-term Equipment and Spare Parts	263	0	0
4. Other investments: long-term	268	0	0
TOTAL ASSSETS (270=100+200)	270	112,667,460,666	117,648,440,441
C LIABILITIES (300=310+330)	300	44,528,685,855	48,288,402,149
I. Current liabilities	310	39,661,406,909	38,046,070,744
1. Payables to seller: short-term	311	7,644,219,268	8,730,081,039
2. Short term Advances Received from the Customers	312	2,930,984,293	1,386,849,611
3. Taxes and Obligations to State Budget	313	2,377,112,811	3,515,363,412
4. Payables to employees	314	224,102,070	215,655,323
6. Others exphajn: short-term	315	21,736,497	33,469,790
6. Short-term Intercompany Payables	316	0	0
7. Payables by Scheduled Progress of Construction Contracts	317	0	0
8. Short-term Unrealized Revenue	318	0	
9. Other short-term payables	319	1,740,384,484	1,749,016,740
10. Short-term borrowings and financial leases	320	22,944,799,600	20,637,066,942
11. Provision of Short-term Payables	321	0	
12. Reward and Welfare Fund	322	1,778,067,886	1,778,567,886
13. Price Stabilisation Fund	323	0	0
14. Repurchase Government Bonds Transactions	324	0	0
II. Long-term liabilities	330	4,867,278,946	10,242,331,405
1. Long-term Payables to Suppliers	331	0	0
2. Long term Advances Received from the Customers	332	0	0
3. Long-term Payable Expenses	333	0	0
4. Internal Payables of Capital	334	0	0
5. Long-term Internal Payables	335	0	0
6. Long-term Unrealized Revenue	336	636,904,297	1,262,490,817
7. Others long term payables	337	0	0
8. Long-term borrowings and finance lease	338	4,230,374,649	8,979,840,588
9. Convertible bonds	339	0	0
10. Preferred shares: liabilities	340	0	0
11. Payable Deferred Income Tax	341	0	0
12. Provision of Long-term Payables	342	0	0
13. Science and Technology Development Fund	343	0	0
B. OWNER'S EQUITY	400	68,138,774,811	69,360,038,292
I. Owner's equity	410	68,138,774,811	69,360,038,292
Owner's equity invested capital	411	54,674,320,000	54,674,320,000
- Ordinary stock with voting right	411A	54,674,320,000	54,674,320,000
- Preferred stock: capital	411B	0	2 ,,57 1,520,000
2. Equity Surplus	412	3,816,120,000	3,816,120,000

TOTAL RESOURCES (440=300+400)	440	112,667,460,666	117,648,440,441
2. Funds used for fixed asset acquisition	432	0	(
1. Funding sources	431	0	(
II. Budget resources and funds	430	0	(
12. Capital Construction Investment	422	0	(
- Undistributed Profit of the Current Period	421B	(1,221,263,481)	1,195,157,478
- Accumulated Undistributed Profit by The End of The Previous Period	421A	3,940,580,057	2,745,422,579
11. Undistributed Profit	421	2,719,316,576	3,940,580,057
10. Other Funds	420	0	(
9. Corporation Arrangement Support Fund	419	0	(
8. Development Investment Fund	418	6,929,018,235	6,929,018,235
7. Exchange rate difference	417	0	(
6. Differences upon asset revaluation	416	0	(
5. Fund stocks (*)	415	0	(
4. Other capitals	414	0	(
3. The Right to convert the Convertible Bonds to shares	413	0	(

July 19, 2025

PREPARED BY

(Signature, full name)

PERSON IN CHARGE OF ACCOUNTING

(Signature, full name)

DIRECTOR

Signature full name, seal)

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Nguyễn Tuyết Phương

Nguyễn Tuyết Phương

MANUTEL CORPORATION Phuong

#### INCOME STATEMENT

#### AT DAY 30 MONTH 06 YEAR 2025

Currency: VND

					Currency: VND
ARTICLE	CODE	The second quarter of 2025	FC CURRENT YEAR	The second quarter of 2024	FC PREVIOUS YEAR
1	2	3	4		5
1. Sales from goods and services sold	01	6,799,937,262	14,331,398,313	29,348,448,680	52,282,868,443
2. Sales deduction	02			209,772,754	277,209,554
3. Net sales from goods and services sold (10=01-02)	10	6,799,937,262	14,331,398,313	29,138,675,926	52,005,658,889
4. Cost of goods sold	- 11	5,310,027,876	11,385,188,195	25,645,575,249	47,445,517,097
5. Gross profit from goods and services sold (20=10-11)	20	1,489,909,386	2,946,210,118	3,493,100,677	4,560,141,792
6. Revenue from financial activities	21	2,056,691	4,114,198	14,973,036	44,276,681
7. Expenses from finacial activities	22	605,932,223	1,121,384,542	1,032,459,537	2,208,035,707
- In there: Loan interest expense	23	-		1,032,459,537	2,026,592,110
8. Sales expenses	25	414,463,615	854,501,514	642,573,260	1,334,942,832
9. Administration expenses	26	627,670,098	1,518,820,050	1,119,663,109	8,689,994,410
10. Net profit from business activities (30=20+(21-22)-(25+26))	30	(156,099,859)		713,377,807	(7,628,554,476)
11. Other incomes	31	1,196,853,354	1,196,853,354	717,406,052	638,905,551
12. Other expenses	32	532,280,690	1,095,799,635	169,475,168	224,211,598
13. Other profits (40=31-32)	40	664,572,664	101,053,719	547,930,884	414,693,953
14. Profit before tax (50=30+40)	50	508,472,805	(443,328,071)	1,261,308,691	(7,213,860,523)
15. Current income tax expense	51		777,935,410	17,387,853	163,109,197
16. Deferred Income Tax	52				0.00
17. Profit after income tax (60=50-51-52)	60	508,472,805	(1,221,263,481)	1,243,920,838	(7,376,969,720)
18. Primary earning per share (*)	70	(223)			(1,349.00)
19. Decline earnings per share (*)	71	(223)			0.00

PREPARED BY

PERSON IN CHARGE OF ACCOUNTING

(Signature, full name)

(Signature, full name)

Nguyễn Tuyết Phương

Nguyễn Tuyết Phương

DIRECTOR

CÔN GISPOLITO MILITARIA

CÔ PHÂN

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The second quarter of 2025

#### CASH FLOW STATEMENT

(Direct method) AT DAY 30 MONTH 06 YEAR 2025

-		
Cu	rrency:	VND

	HALLING THE RESIDENCE		Currency: VND
ARTICLE	CODE	The second quarter of 2025	The second quarter of 2024
	2	4	5
I. Cash flow from operating activities			
Cash receipts from goods sale, services supply and others	01	50,087,864,575	57,074,785,858
Cash payments to goods suppliers and service providers	02	(26,725,009,724)	(35,577,041,653)
Cash payments to employees	03	(268,764,467)	(1,216,765,056)
4. Cash payments of loan interests	04	(1,132,372,767)	(2,003,240,944)
5. Cash payment of enterprise income tax	05	(978,965,446)	(273,302,611)
6. Other cash receipts from business activities	06	9,534,043,218	3,524,669,162
7. Other cash payments to production and business activities	07	(3,752,249,082)	(5,697,268,273)
Net cash flows from business activities	20	26,764,546,307	15,831,836,483
II. Cash flow from investment activities		20,704,340,307	15,651,650,485
Cash payments to procure and/or construct fixed assets and other long-term assets	21	(4,009,000)	0
Cash receipts from the liquidation, assignment or sale of fixed assets and other long-term assets	22	0	705,241,219
3. Cash payments to provide loans, to acquire debt instruments of other units	23	(15,400,000,000)	0
Cash receipts from the recovery of loans provided, from the re-sale of debt instruments of other units	24	0	0
5. Cash payments of investments in capital contributions to other units	25	0	0
6. Cash recovered from investments in capital contributions to other units	26	0	0
7. Cash receipts from loan interests, dividends and earned profits	27	0	44,276,681
Net cash flow from investment activities	30	(15,404,009,000)	749,517,900
III. Cash flow from financial activities		(13,404,002,000)	749,317,900
Cash proceeds from the issuance of shares or reception of capital contributed by owners	31	0	0
Cash repayments of contributed capital to owners or for redemption of shares by the issuing enterprise	32	0	0
3. Cash receipts from short- or long-term borrowings	33	25,069,195,219	35,952,047,669
4. Cash repayments of principals of borrowings	34	(27,509,973,903)	(56,206,976,466)
5. Cash repayments of financial leasing debts	35	(406,972,871)	(448,896,378)
6. Cash payments of dividends or profits to owners or shareholders	36	0	(170,070,378)
Net cash flow from financial activities	40	(2,847,751,555)	(20,703,825,175)
Net cash flow in the period (50=20+30+40)	50	8,912,785,752	(4,122,470,792)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of period	60	5,421,901,022	8,490,100,619
Effects of changes in foreign exchange rates	61	0	0,420,100,019
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period (70 = 50+60+61)	70	14,334,686,774	4,367,629,827

PREPARED BY

(Signature, full name)

PERSON IN CHARGE OF ACCOUNTING

(Signature, full name)

Nguyễn Tuyết Phương

DIRECTOR

CONG TY

CÔ PH

SA

ETEL CORTHICHTON

Nguyễn Tuyết Phương

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

On July 19, 2025 and the second quarter ending on the same date

#### I. CHARACTERISTICS OF BUSINESS ACTIVITIES

#### 1. Form of capital ownership

SAMETEL Joint Stock Company (Former name: Sam Cuong Electrical Materials and Telecommunication Joint Stock Company) is a joint stock company established under the business registration certificate with business registration number 3600850734 (old number 4703000342) issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Dong Nai Province. First registered on October 20, 2006, 13th change registered on January 4, 2023.

The Company's shares were listed on the Hanoi Stock Exchange from July 30, 2010 with the stock code SMT.

The Company's head office is located at Long Thanh Industrial Park, Road No. 1, Tam An Commune, Long Thanh District, Dong Nai Province, Vietnam.

#### 2. Business field

The Company's business lines are manufacturing and trading.

#### 3. Business Line

Hot degree main belong to The company is:

- electrical and telecommunications equipment and materials;
- > Buying, selling, importing and exporting, consignment agent: electrical and telecommunications equipment, materials, electrical and mechanical goods;
- Manufacture of cables, optical fibers; Manufacture of electrical conductive equipment of all kinds; Installation of electrical systems.
- Manufacturing and trading aluminum frame products, aluminum ceilings, metal ceilings. Manufacturing and processing mechanical products, molds (except electroplating, metal coating).
- > Construction of industrial and civil works; Completing construction works: interior decoration.
- Production of renewable energy, clean energy , energy from waste disposal ; development of biotechnology.
- Real estate business, land use rights owned by the owner, user or lessee. Details: real estate investment and business, office rental, factory rental.

#### 4. Normal production and business cycle

The Company's normal production and business cycle is carried out within a period of no more than 12 months .

#### 5. Characteristics of business operations

#### 6. Business structure

The company has the following affiliated units:

- ➤ Ho Chi Minh City Branch Sametel Joint Stock Company: 32 Street D5, Ward 25, Binh Thanh District, Ho Chi Minh City.
- Representative office in Ho Chi Minh City: 6th Floor, No. 31, Street 18, Ward 8, Go Vap District, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam.
- Representative office in Hanoi City: Room 207 Building 133 Thai Ha, Trung Liet Ward, Dong Da District, Hanoi City.

The second quarter of 2025

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

- ➢ Business location 1 − Sametel Joint Stock Company: Lot A3, Road D1, Cau Tram Industrial Park, Cau Tram Hamlet, Long Trach Commune, Can Duoc District, Long An Province.
- ➢ Business location 2 Sametel Joint Stock Company: Factory + Office Building 3 and Factory 4 at An Thien Ly Company Limited, Bau Xeo Industrial Park, Song Trau Commune, Trang Bom District, Dong Nai Province.

#### II. FISCAL YEAR, CURRENCY USED IN ACCOUNTING

#### 1. Fiscal year

The Company's fiscal year begins on January 1 and ends on December 31 of each year.

#### 2. Currency used in accounting

The currency used in accounting records is Vietnamese Dong (VND)

#### III. ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND REGIMES APPLIED

#### 1. Applicable accounting regime

The Company applies the Enterprise Accounting Regime according to Circular 200/2014/TT-BTC dated December 22, 2014 and Circular 53/2016/TT-BTC dated March 21, 2016 on amending and supplementing Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC issued by the Ministry of Finance.

#### 2. Declaration on compliance with Accounting Standards and Accounting Regime

The Company has applied Vietnamese Accounting Standards and documents guiding the Standards issued by the State. Financial statements are prepared and presented in accordance with all provisions of each standard, circulars guiding the implementation of standards and the current applicable Accounting Regime.

#### IV. ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED

#### 1. Types of exchange rates applied in accounting

Economic transactions arising in foreign currencies are converted into Vietnamese Dong at the actual exchange rate at the time of the transaction. At the end of the year, when re-evaluating foreign currency items classified as assets, the applicable exchange rate is the foreign currency buying rate, and foreign currency items classified as liabilities are the foreign currency selling rate of the commercial bank where the enterprise regularly conducts transactions at the time of preparing the Financial Statements.

Actual exchange rate differences arising during the year and exchange rate differences due to revaluation of balances of monetary items at the end of the year are transferred to financial revenue or expenses during the year.

#### 2. Principles of recording cash and cash equivalents

Amounts include: cash, bank deposits, money in transit.

Cash equivalents are short-term investments with maturity not exceeding 3 months that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value since the date of acquisition of the investment at the reporting date.

#### 3. Principles of accounting for financial investments

#### Investment in equity instruments of other entities

Investments in equity instruments of other entities reflect equity investments but the Company does not have control, joint control or significant influence over the investee.

The second quarter of 2025

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Investments in equity instruments of other entities are stated at cost less provisions for investment diminution.

#### 4. Principles of recognition of trade receivables and other receivables

Trade receivables, prepayments to vendors, and other receivables at the reporting date, if:

- With a collection or payment period of less than 1 year (or within a business production cycle) are classified as Short-term Assets.
- With a recovery or payment period of more than 1 year (or over a business production cycle) are classified as Long-term Assets.

Provision for doubtful debts is made for receivables that are overdue for twelve (12) months or more, or for receivables that are unlikely to be paid by the debtor due to liquidation, bankruptcy or other difficulties.

#### 5. Principles of inventory recording

Inventories are stated at cost. Where the net realizable value is lower than the cost price, the net realizable value shall be used. The cost of inventories comprises purchase costs, conversion costs and other directly attributable costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

Inventory value is determined by the weighted average method.

Inventories are accounted for using the perpetual inventory method.

The provision for inventory devaluation is the difference between the original cost of inventory and their net realizable value.

#### 6. Principles of recording and depreciating fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets and intangible fixed assets are recorded at original cost. During use, tangible fixed assets and intangible fixed assets are recorded at original cost, accumulated depreciation and residual value.

Leased fixed assets are initially recorded at fair value or present value of minimum lease payments (excluding VAT) and initial direct costs incurred in connection with the leased fixed assets. During use, leased fixed assets are recorded at original cost, accumulated depreciation and residual value.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method. The estimated depreciation period is as follows:

- Houses, buildings	05 - 15 years
- Machinery and equipment	02 - 12 years
- Means of transport	06 - 14 years
- Office equipment	03 - 08 years
- Land use rights	47 years
- Computer software	03 years

The original cost of fixed assets and depreciation period are determined according to Circular No. 45/2013/TT-BTC dated April 25, 2013 and Circular No. 147/2016/TT-BTC dated October 13, 2016. of the Ministry of Finance on guidance on the management, use and depreciation of fixed assets.

The second quarter of 2025

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### Intangible fixed assets

Land use rights are land rental fees that the Company pays once for many years and is granted a Land Use Rights Certificate. This land use right is amortized over the land lease term (47 years).

#### 7. Principles of recognition and capitalization of borrowing costs

Spend fee Go get a loan Okay take note receive enter spend fee product export , terrible i in year When play born, apart from spend fee get a loan link mandarin direct next arrive job head private build construction or product export talent product d in spread Okay tiny into price treat belong to talent product there ( Okay capital h o a) When Have enough the thing condition monster definition in Ink cartridge Plan Vietnamese math Male number 16 "Spend fee that 's it " .

Spend fee i link mandarin direct next arrive job head private build project or product export asset d in spread be calculated enter price t r belong to asset there (Okay capital chemical), bag including accounts interest money get a loan, division supplement discounts discount or extra case When release onion bonds, the items spend fee extra release born link mandarin to the process do goalkeeper capacitor get a loan.

#### 8. Principles of recording and allocating prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses only related to production and business costs during the year are recorded as short-term prepaid expenses and included in production and business costs during the year.

The calculation and allocation of long-term prepaid expenses into production and business expenses for each accounting period is based on the nature and extent of each type of expense to select a reasonable allocation method and criteria. Prepaid expenses are gradually allocated into production and business expenses using the straight-line method.

#### 9. Principles for recording trade payments and other payables

Trade payables, other payables at reporting date, if:

- Payment terms of less than 1 year or within a business production cycle are classified as short-term debt.
- Payment terms of more than 1 year or one business production cycle are classified as long-term debt.

#### 10. Principles of recording equity

Owner's equity is recorded at the actual capital contributed by the owner.

Share capital surplus is recorded at the larger difference between the actual issuance price and the par value of shares when issuing shares for the first time, issuing additional shares or reissuing treasury shares.

Dividends payable to shareholders are recorded as payable in the Company's Balance Sheet after the dividend announcement by the Company's Board of Directors.

Undistributed profit after tax is the profit from the business's operations after deducting (-) adjustments due to retroactive application of changes in accounting policies and retroactive adjustment of material errors of previous years.

The second quarter of 2025

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### 11. Principles and methods of revenue recognition

#### Sales revenue

Sales revenue is recognized when all of the following conditions are met:

- The significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have been transferred to the buyer;
- The Company no longer holds the right to manage the goods as the owner of the goods or the right to control the goods;
- Revenue is determined relatively reliably;
- The company has obtained or will obtain economic benefits from the sale transaction;
- Identify costs associated with sales transactions.

#### Service revenue

Revenue from rendering of services is recognised when the outcome of the transaction can be estimated reliably. Where the provision of services relates to several periods, revenue is recognised in each period according to the results of the work completed at the date of the Balance Sheet of that period. The outcome of a service provision transaction is recognised when the following conditions are satisfied:

- Revenue is determined relatively reliably;
- Ability to obtain economic benefits from the transaction of providing that service;
- Determine the completed work on the date of the Balance Sheet;
- Determine the costs incurred for the transaction and the costs to complete the transaction to provide that service.

The portion of service work completed is determined by the method of assessing completed work.

#### Financial revenue

Revenue arising from interest, royalties, dividends, shared profits and other financial revenue is recorded when both (2) of the following conditions are satisfied:

- It is possible to obtain economic benefits from the transaction:
- Revenue is determined relatively certainly.

Dividends and profits are recognized when the Company is entitled to receive dividends or profits from capital contributions.

#### 12. Principles of accounting for cost of goods sold

Cost of goods sold reflects the cost of products, goods and services sold during the period.

The provision for inventory price reduction is included in the cost of goods sold based on the quantity of inventory and the difference between the net realizable value being less than the original cost of inventory. When determining the volume of inventory with price reduction requiring provision, the accountant must exclude the volume of inventory for which a sales contract has been signed (with a net realizable value not lower than the book value) but has not been transferred to the customer if there is certain evidence that the customer will not abandon the contract.

The second quarter of 2025

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### 13. Principles and methods of recording financial expenses

Expenses recorded in financial expenses include:

- Costs or losses related to financial investment activities;
- Cost of lending and borrowing;
- Losses due to changes in exchange rates of transactions involving foreign currencies;
- Provision for reduction in securities investment value.

The above amounts are recorded at the total amount incurred during the period, without offsetting against financial revenue.

#### 14. Principles of accounting for sales costs and business management costs

Selling costs reflect the actual costs incurred in the process of selling products, goods, and service provision, including costs of offering, introducing products, advertising products, sales commissions, product warranty costs, goods (except construction activities), preservation, packaging, transportation costs, etc.

Business management costs reflect the general management costs of the enterprise, including costs for salaries of employees in the business management department (salaries, wages, allowances, etc.); social insurance, health insurance, union fees, unemployment insurance for business management employees; costs of office materials, labor tools, depreciation of fixed assets used for business management; land rent, business license tax; provision for bad debts; outsourced services (electricity, water, telephone, fax, property insurance, fire and explosion insurance, etc.); other cash expenses (reception, customer conferences, etc.).

## 15. Principles and methods of recording current corporate income tax expenses and deferred corporate income tax expenses

Current corporate income tax expense is determined on the basis of taxable income and corporate income tax rate in the current year.

Deferred corporate income tax expense is determined on the basis of deductible temporary differences, taxable temporary differences and corporate income tax rates.

#### 16. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit after corporate income tax (after setting aside bonus and welfare funds) allocated to shareholders owning common shares of the company by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year.

#### 17. Department report

Segment reporting includes a business segment or a geographical segment.

Business segment: A distinguishable component of an entity that is engaged in providing an individual product or service or a group of related products or services and that is subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other business segments.

Geographical segment: A distinguishable component of an entity that is engaged in providing products or services within a particular economic environment and that is subject to risks and returns that are different from those of components operating in other economic environments.

The second quarter of 2025

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### 18. Financial instruments

#### **Initial notes**

Financial assets

At the date of initial recognition, financial assets are recorded at cost plus that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial assets.

The Company's financial assets include cash, short-term deposits, short-term receivables, other receivables and investments.

Financial liabilities

On the date of initial recognition, financial liabilities are recorded at cost less transaction costs directly attributable to the issuance of that financial liability.

The Company's financial liabilities include trade payables, other payables and loans.

#### Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset against each other and presented at net value in the Balance Sheet when and only when the Company:

- Has a legal right to set off the amount recorded; and
- Intend to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### Re-evaluate after initial recording

Currently, there are no regulations on revaluation of financial instruments after initial recognition.

#### 19. Related parties

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control or common significant influence.

In considering any related party relationship, attention is directed more to the substance of the relationship than to the legal form.

#### SAMETEL JOINT STOCK COMPANY

Long Thanh Industrial Park, Street No. 1, An Phuoc Commune, Dong Nai Province

FINANCIAL REPORT The second quarter of 2025

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continu

#### V. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE BALANCE SI

1. Cash and cash equivalents	6/30/2025 VND	1/1/2025 VND
Cash Non-term bank deposits Cash equivalents (term bank deposits not exceeding 3 month	- 14,334,686,774	5,421,901,022
Add	14,334,686,774	5,421,901,022

2. Accounts receivable from customers	6/30/2025 VND	1/1/2025 VND
	VIND	VIND
a) Short-term trade receivables		
FAFA Vietnam Company Limited	13,050,142,816	13,050,142,816
Vietnam Construction Joint Stock Company	1,507,472,920	1,507,472,920
Hoang Minh Industrial Electrical Equipment Company Limited	4,861,294,431	18,922,331,203
QUANG NGAI ELECTRICITY COMPANY	530,912	1,912,614,751
Vector Vietnam Engineering Company Limited	1,863,636,364	16,750,077,463
A Chau Industrial Engineering Joint Stock Company	0	828,341,208
Other trade receivables	638,198,260	1,032,747,415
Add	21,921,275,703	54,003,727,776
3. Short-term prepayment to seller	6/30/2025	1/1/2025
	VND	VND
a) Short-term prepayments to suppliers		
AP Plastic Company Limited	66,449,900	66,449,900
DH Asset Company Limited	2,200,000,000	11,200,000,000
Prepay to other sellers	895,427,120	237,817,760
Add	3,161,877,020	11,504,267,660

4. Other receivables	6/30/2025 VND	1/1/2025 VND	
a) Short term Advance VAT on financial leasing Receivables from BCONS Service Joint Stock Company Other receivables	1,618,294,859 777,771,000 40,697,286 159,184,594 640,641,979	1,166,330,826 170,510,800 142,150,529 159,184,594 694,484,903	
b) Long term  Long-term deposit and margin  + Financial leasing deposit  + Warranty deposit	381,292,256	379,630,195	
+ Other long-term deposits and deposits  Add	381,292,256 1,999,587,115	379,630,195 1,545,961,021	

#### 5. Provision for short-term doubtful receivables

Unit: VND

	6/30/2025			1/1/2	025
	Original price	Preventive		Original price	Preventive
Total value of receivables, loans that are overdue or not overdue but unlikely to be recovered	2,441,825,211	(1,797,891,146)		2,442,082,169	(1,898,553,932)
Other receivables	321,541,922	(170,428,733)		321,541,922	(321,541,922)
VINAKING Investment and Construction Company Limited	67,000,000	(67,000,000)		67,000,000	(67,000,000)
Hoang Van Plastic Company Limited				256,958	(179,871)
MY LE TRADING-SER VICE SER VICE-IMPORT-EXPORT JOINT STOCK COMPANY	295,884,789	(295,884,789)	-	295,884,789	(295,884,789)
VCOM SAMETEL JOINT STOCK COMPANY	168,767,580	(168,767,580)		168,767,580	(118,137,306)
VIETNAM CONSTRUCTION JOINT STOCK COMPANY	1,507,472,920	(1,055,231,044)		1,507,472,920	(1,055,231,044)
BACH HAI TELECOMMUNICATIONS TRADING COMPANY LIMITED	73,040,000	(36,520,000)		73,040,000	(36,520,000)
SACOM WIRE AND CABLE JOINT STOCK COMPANY	8,118,000	(4,059,000)		8,118,000	(4,059,000)
Add	2,441,825,211	(1,797,891,146)		2,442,082,169	(1,898,553,932)

Unit: VND

6. Inventory	6/30/2	2025	1/1/2025	
	Original price	Preventive	Original price	Preventive
Raw materials	3,045,760,042	(248,360,190)	3,045,457,951	(248,360,190)
Tools and equipment	53,628,668		53,628,668	
Cost of production and unfinished business	370,557,381		370,557,381	
Finished product	367,353,842	(367,353,842)	367,353,842	(367,353,842)
Goods	14,687,413,853	(634,715,895)	2,533,223,084	(634,715,895)
Goods sent for sale				
Add inventory cost	18,524,713,786	(1,250,429,927)	6,370,220,926	(1,250,429,927)

7. Prepayment costs	6/30/2025 VND	1/1/2025 VND
the property of the second		
a) Short term	159,056,460	183,412,384
Remaining value of tools and equipment used	586,419	1,026,234
Factory roof rental cost	106,453,620	100,376,069
Maintenance and repair costs		
Insurance costs	14,971,568	11,703,534
Other short-term prepaid expenses	37,044,853	70,306,547
b) Long term	320,911,515	456,275,077
Remaining value of tools and equipment used	56,199,370	83,242,780
Construction and repair costs	49,617,961	131,019,065
Other long-term prepaid expenses	215,094,184	242,013,232
Add	479,967,975	639,687,461
8. Ongoing Capital Construction Costs	6/30/2025	1/1/2025
	VND	VND
Captial contruction	•	
Other Incomplete Capital Construction Projects	•	46,296,296
Add	0	46,296,296

9. Increase and decrease of tangible fixed asse	ets				Unit: VND
Target	Houses, buildings	Machinery and equipment	Means of transport, transmission	Management equipment	Add
Original price of tangible fixed assets					
Beginning balance	19,725,100,597	48,029,333,873	1,554,832,727	77,350,000	69,386,617,197
Number increased during the year - Purchased within the year	137,894,723	381,524,223			519,418,946
- Completed construction investment	137,894,723				137,894,723
- Increase from financial leased fixed assets		381,524,223			381,524,223
Number decreased during the year		1,928,037,223			1,928,037,223
- Liquidation, sale		1,928,037,223			1,928,037,223
End of year balance	19,862,995,320	46,482,820,873	1,554,832,727	77,350,000	67,977,998,920
Accumulated depreciation					
Beginning balance	13,277,975,229	18,305,039,058	957,762,058	77,350,000	37,552,974,203
Number increased during the year	242,120,346	913,104,144	74,633,832		1,229,858,322
- Depreciation during the year	242,120,346	913,104,144	74,633,832		1,229,858,322
- Increase from financial leased fixed assets	-				
Number decreased during the year		1,559,522,151			
- Liquidation, sale		1,559,522,151			
End of year balance	13,520,095,575	17,658,621,051	1,032,395,890	77,350,000	32,288,462,516
Residual value of tangible fixed assets					
On New Year's Day	6,447,125,368	29,724,294,815	597,070,669		36,768,490,852
At the end of the year	6,342,899,745	28,824,199,822	522,436,837		35,689,536,404

	6/30/2025	1/1/2025
- Original price of tangible fixed assets that have been fully depreciated but are still in use:	21,271,718,312	21,271,718,312
- Remaining value of tangible fixed assets used as collateral to secure loans:	24,914,358,153	34,718,770,378

<sup>-</sup> Remaining value of tangible fixed assets used as collateral to secure loans:

- Remaining value of intangible fixed assets used as collateral to secure loans

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### 10. Increase and decrease of financial leased fixed assets

Unit: VND

3,245,854,272

O initial minus of Committee and Committee and			Machiner	y and equipment
Original price of financial leased fixed assets Beginning balance				3,984,944,715
Number increased during the year				3,704,744,713
Number decreased during the year				2,209,271,071
- Transfer to tangible fixed assets				2,209,271,071
End of year balance				1,775,673,644
Accumulated depreciation				
Beginning balance				2,973,128,117
Number increased during the year				412,145,885
- Depreciation during the year				412,145,885
Number decreased during the year				1,835,030,848
- Transfer to tangible fixed assets				1,835,030,848
End of year balance				1,550,243,154
Residual value of leased assets				
On New Year's Day				1,011,816,598
At the end of the year			-	758,862,451
At the end of the year				700,002,101
11. Increase and decrease of intangible fixed asset	s			Unit: VND
	Land use rights Co.	mnuter software	Other intangible	Add
	Land use rights Co	mputer software	Other intangible fixed assets	Add
Original price of intangible fixed assets		mputer software	fixed assets	
Beginning balance	Land use rights Co. 5,461,580,464	711,158,600		Add 6,257,688,564
Beginning balance Number increased during the year		mputer software	fixed assets	
Beginning balance Number increased during the year Number decreased during the year	5,461,580,464	711,158,600	84,949,500	6,257,688,564
Beginning balance Number increased during the year		mputer software	fixed assets	
Beginning balance Number increased during the year Number decreased during the year End of year balance	5,461,580,464	711,158,600	84,949,500	6,257,688,564
Beginning balance Number increased during the year Number decreased during the year End of year balance  Accumulated depreciation	5,461,580,464 - - 5,461,580,464	711,158,600	84,949,500	6,257,688,564 - - - 6,257,688,564
Beginning balance Number increased during the year Number decreased during the year End of year balance  Accumulated depreciation Beginning balance	5,461,580,464 - - - 5,461,580,464 2,772,633,876	711,158,600	84,949,500	6,257,688,564 - - - 6,257,688,564 2,772,633,876
Beginning balance Number increased during the year Number decreased during the year End of year balance  Accumulated depreciation Beginning balance Number increased during the year	5,461,580,464 	711,158,600	84,949,500	6,257,688,564 - - - 6,257,688,564 2,772,633,876 54,399,792
Beginning balance Number increased during the year Number decreased during the year End of year balance  Accumulated depreciation Beginning balance Number increased during the year - Depreciation during the year	5,461,580,464 - - - 5,461,580,464 2,772,633,876	711,158,600	84,949,500	6,257,688,564 - - - 6,257,688,564 2,772,633,876
Beginning balance Number increased during the year Number decreased during the year End of year balance  Accumulated depreciation Beginning balance Number increased during the year - Depreciation during the year Number decreased during the year	5,461,580,464 	711,158,600	84,949,500	6,257,688,564 - 6,257,688,564 2,772,633,876 54,399,792 54,399,792
Beginning balance Number increased during the year Number decreased during the year End of year balance  Accumulated depreciation Beginning balance Number increased during the year - Depreciation during the year Number decreased during the year End of year balance	5,461,580,464 	711,158,600	84,949,500 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	6,257,688,564 - - - 6,257,688,564 2,772,633,876 54,399,792
Beginning balance Number increased during the year Number decreased during the year End of year balance  Accumulated depreciation Beginning balance Number increased during the year - Depreciation during the year Number decreased during the year End of year balance Residual value of intangible assets	5,461,580,464 5,461,580,464 2,772,633,876 54,399,792 54,399,792 	711,158,600	84,949,500 	6,257,688,564 6,257,688,564 2,772,633,876 54,399,792 54,399,792 
Beginning balance Number increased during the year Number decreased during the year End of year balance  Accumulated depreciation Beginning balance Number increased during the year - Depreciation during the year Number decreased during the year End of year balance Residual value of intangible assets On New Year's Day	5,461,580,464  5,461,580,464  2,772,633,876 54,399,792 54,399,792 2,827,033,668  2,688,946,588	711,158,600	84,949,500	6,257,688,564 
Beginning balance Number increased during the year Number decreased during the year End of year balance  Accumulated depreciation Beginning balance Number increased during the year - Depreciation during the year Number decreased during the year End of year balance Residual value of intangible assets	5,461,580,464 5,461,580,464 2,772,633,876 54,399,792 54,399,792 	711,158,600	84,949,500 	6,257,688,564 6,257,688,564 2,772,633,876 54,399,792 54,399,792 
Beginning balance Number increased during the year Number decreased during the year End of year balance  Accumulated depreciation Beginning balance Number increased during the year - Depreciation during the year Number decreased during the year End of year balance Residual value of intangible assets On New Year's Day	5,461,580,464  5,461,580,464  2,772,633,876 54,399,792 54,399,792 2,827,033,668  2,688,946,588	711,158,600	61xed assets  84,949,500   84,949,500       84,949,500  84,949,500	6,257,688,564 6,257,688,564 2,772,633,876 54,399,792 54,399,792 

NOTES TO	THE	FINANCIAL	STATEMENTS (	(continued)

12. Payable to Seller	and with the second		6/30/2		1/1/2	the state of the s
	Sec		Value	of debtors .	Value	of debtors
a) Short-term payables to suppliers			7,644,219,268	7,644,219,268	8,730,081,039	8,730,081,039
VKC Holdings Joint Stock Company			3,326,105,523	3,326,105,523	3,326,105,523	3,326,105,523
KRA Group Joint Stock Company			1,192,311,896	1,192,311,896	1,192,311,896	1,192,311,896
Optical Cable Company Limited			164,741,726	164,741,726	228,807,959	228,807,959
BACH HAI TELECOMMUNICATIONS TRADING	COMPANY LIMIT	ED	390,845,620	390,845,620	390,845,620	390,845,620
Payable to other entities			2,570,214,503	2,570,214,503	3,592,010,041	3,592,010,041
13. Taxes and other payments to the state						Unit: VND
	1/1/	2025	During t	he year	6/30/	2025
	Accounts receival	Amount payable	Amount payable	Amount paid	Accounts receivable	Amount payable
Output VAT		3,268,560,779	1,280,128,164	2,372,739,468		2,175,949,475
Corporate income tax		77,567,525	901,397,921	978,965,446		2,173,949,473
Personal income tax		169,235,108	31,928,228	978,905,440		201,163,336
Other taxes		107,233,100	51,720,220			201,103,330
Fees, charges and other amounts payable						
Add		3,515,363,412	2,213,454,313	3,351,704,914		2,377,112,811
14. Short-term payables					6/30/2025 VND	1/1/2025 VND
Interest expenses						
Other accrued expenses					21,736,497	33,469,790
Add					21,736,497	33,469,790
15. Other short-term payables and receivables					6/30/2025 VND	1/1/2025 VNE
Union dues					29,624,600	22,553,800
Social insurance, health insurance, unemployment in	surance				0	38,398,200
					1,539,737,737	1,539,737,73
Dividends payable						
Dividends payable Payable to employees						
Dividends payable Payable to employees Other short-term payables					0 171,022,147	148,327,003

16. Loans and financial l		1/1	/2025	During th	During the year		6/30/2025	
. wear	The second of th	Value	of debtors	Increase	Reduce	Value	of debtors	
a) Short term		24,500,363,635	24,500,363,635	25,666,954,031	27,598,869,828	22,944,799,600	22,944,799,600	
Short term loans (a1)		24,500,363,635	24,500,363,635	25,666,954,031	27,222,518,066	22,944,799,600	22,944,799,600	
Vietnam Joint Stock Comp Trade - Nhon Trach Brand	mercial Bank for Industry and	20,637,066,942	20,637,066,942	25,666,954,031	26,247,452,895	20,056,568,078	20,056,568,078	
Long-term loans and del		3,075,582,156	3,075,582,156		376,351,762.00	2,699,230,394	2,699,230,394	
Tien Phong Commercial J City Branch	oint Stock Bank - Ho Chi Minh	3,075,582,156	3,075,582,156		376,351,762.00	2,699,230,394	2,699,230,394	
	mercial Bank for Industry and	787,714,537	787,714,537		598,713,409	189,001,128	189,001,128	
Trade – One Member Lim b) Long term	ited Liability Company	5,116,543,895	5,116,543,895		886,169,246	4,230,374,649	4,230,374,649	
Tien Phong Commercial J City Branch (b1)	oint Stock Bank - Ho Chi Minh	5,116,543,895	5,116,543,895		886,169,246	4,230,374,649	4,230,374,649	
Financial lease debt (b2)								
Add		29,616,907,530	29,616,907,530	25,666,954,031	28,108,687,312	27,175,174,249	27,175,174,249	
(a1) Details of short-term	n bank loans:							
Lender	Loan Agreement		Loan term	Interest rate		Principal balance as of 31/03/2025	Guarantee metho	
Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam - Saigon Branch	HDCVHM No. 0347/SGN.KHDI December 1, 2023	N/LD23 dated	According to each debt but not more than 6 months	By each		•	Mortgage of Compar asse	
Vietnam Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Industry and Trade - Nhon Trach Branch	HDCVHM No. 001/2023-HDCV SAMETEL dated March 28, 202		According to each debt but not more than 6 months	By each		20,056,568,078	Mortgage of Compa	
Add						20,056,568,078		
(b1) Details of long-term	bank loans:							
Lender	Loan Agreement	Loan amount	Loan term	Payment over 12 months	Payment under 12 months	Principal balance as of 31/03/2025	Guarantee metho	
TIEN PHONG COMMERCIAL JOINT STOCK BANK-Ho Chi Minh City Branch	No. 47/2020/HDTD/NOH/02 dated September 28, 2020	9,000,000,000	84 months	2,699,230,394		2,699,230,394	Mortga	
TIEN PHONG COMMERCIAL JOINT STOCK BANK-Ho Chi Minh City Branch	No. 47/2020/HDTD/NOH/03 dated May 11, 2021	9,000,000,000	84 months	4,230,374,649		4,230,374,649	Mortga	
TIEN PHONG COMMERCIAL JOINT STOCK BANK-Ho Chi	No. 129/2023/HDTD/NOH/03 dated March 20, 2023	1,574,220,433	36 months			•	Mortgage assets form from loan capi	
Minh City Branch Vietnam Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Industry and Trade – One	Loan Agreement No. 103/2021/CN/MN-CTTC		48 months	189,001,128		189,001,128		
Member Limited Liability Add				7,118,606,171	0	7,118,606,171		

SAMETEL JOINT STOCK COMPANY
Long Thanh Industrial Park, Street No. 1, An Phuoc Commune, Dong Nai Province

FINANCIAL REPORT The second quarter of 2025

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

17. Equity

a) Equity fluctuation comparison table

Unit: VND

	Owner's equity	Capital surplus	Development investment fund	Undistributed profit after tax	Total
Last year's opening balance Profit/(Loss) for the year	54,674,320,000	3,816,120,000	6,929,018,235	3,940,580,057	69,360,038,292
Provision of funds from 2020 profits					
Bonus exceeds 2016 plan					
Last year ending balance	54,674,320,000	3,816,120,000	6,929,018,235	3,940,580,057	69,360,038,292
Beginning balance of this year	54,674,320,000	3,816,120,000	6,929,018,235	3,940,580,057	69,360,038,292
Profit/(Loss) for the year					
Other increases					
Other discounts				(1,221,263,481)	(1,221,263,481)
Balance at the end of this year	54,674,320,000	3,816,120,000	6,929,018,235	2,719,316,576	68,138,774,811

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ( continued) according to )

#### VI. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE INCOME STATEMENT

	From 01/01/2024 to 30/06/2025	From 01/01/2024 to 30/06/2024
	VND	VND
Revenue sell row and bow grant pandemic service     a) Revenue	14,331,398,313	52,282,868,443
Revenue sell row chemical	10 924 405 972	26 501 202 570
Revenue sell wall product	10,824,495,872 10,600,000	26,501,283,578 22,456,288,680
Revenue bow grant solar power	3,496,302,441	3,325,296,185
Revenue bow grant pandemic service	3,470,302,441	3,323,270,183
2. Clauses reduce apart from business collect	<u>-</u>	277,209,554
Reduce price row sell		
Row sell bag pay again	Tarihin	277,209,554
3. Revenue pure about sell row and bow grant pandemic service	14,331,398,313	52,005,658,889
Revenue pure sell row chemical	10,824,495,872	23,570,070,421
Revenue pure sell wall product	10,600,000	25,110,292,283
Revenue pure bow grant solar power	3,496,302,441	3,325,296,185
Revenue pure bow grant pandemic service		• 197
4. Price capital row sell	From 01/01/2024 to 30/06/2025	From 01/01/2024 to 30/06/2024
	VND	VND
Price capital belong to row chemical Satisfied sell	8,599,225,276	26,028,991,643
Price capital belong to wall product Satisfied sell	8,420,881	22,998,338,862
Price capital belong to Solar power has been bow grant	2,777,542,038	865,841,750
Price capital pandemic service Satisfied bow grant		
Excerpt set up /( complete) input ) Project room reduce price row exist warehouse		(2,447,655,158)
Total	11,385,188,195	47,445,517,097
5. Revenue active dynamic talent main	From 01/01/2024 to 30/06/2025	From 01/01/2024 to 30/06/2024
	VND	VND
Interest money send, money give get a loan	4,114,198	44,276,681
Total	4,114,198	44,276,681

#### VI. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE INCOME STATEMENT

6. Cost talent main	From 01/01/2024 to 30/06/2025	From 01/01/2024 to 30/06/2024
	VND	VND
Interest money get a loan	1,121,384,542	2,208,035,707
Add	1,121,384,542	2,208,035,707
7. Cost sell row	From 01/01/2024 to 30/06/2025	From 01/01/2024 to 30/06/2024
	VND	VND
	854,501,514	1,334,942,832
Add	854,501,514	1,334,942,832
8. Cost manage reason business career	From 01/01/2024 to 30/06/2025	From 01/01/2024 to 30/06/2024
	VND	VND
	1,518,820,050	8,689,994,410
Add	1,518,820,050	8,689,994,410
9. Other income	Từ 01/01/2025 đến 30/06/2025 VND	Từ 01/01/2024 đến 30/06/2024 VND
Proceeds from disposal of fixed assets		
Other income	1,196,853,354	638,905,551
#REF!	1,196,853,354	638,905,551

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) according to

10. Cost other	From 01/01/2024 to 30/06/2025	From 01/01/2024 to 30/06/2024
	VND	VND
Expense penalty onion main		
Price treat still again of TS and costs bar reason, concession sale of fixed asse		
Process reason labour in debt		
Expense other	1,095,799,635	224,211,598
Add	1,095,799,635	224,211,598

#### 11. Cost tax collect enter business career presently onion

According to Circular No. 96/2015/TT-BTC dated June 22, 2015, the Company is enjoy Tax advantage treat according to attend original judgment give time space still again give part collect enter increase more release born from fixed assets wall from stage paragraph 2009-2013.

According to Decree Decree 218/2013/ND-CP dated December 26, 2013 and information Circular 78/2014/TT-BTC, Circular 151 / 2014/TT-BTC dated June 18, 2014 :

- + The company is enjoy Tax advantage treat free 2 years tax, 50% reduction in corporate income tax for 4 years next according to opposite to with part collect enter increase more from attend sentence head private open wide .
- + The company is enjoy tax rate advantage 10 % off time 15 year term pressure use opposite to with: Income belong to business career from real presently attend sentence head private new belong the field area: ... production export power quantity re create, energy quantity clean, energy quantity from job pepper cancel matter discharge; develop labour turmeric born study. 2024 is year 4th The Company was enjoy tax rate advantage 10% discount

Activities dynamic product export terrible business other: tax 20% rate. Decision matns tax or the Company will bear the cneck check belong to muscle mandarin tax. Due to the pressure use law and the rules about tax opposite to with much type deliver pandemic other each other Have body Okay prize prefer according to much way other each other, number tax Okay program display on Report talent main Have body bag replace change according to decide determine belong to muscle mandarin tax

Board wish calculate level tax collect enter business career presently onion belong to business career Okay program display below

	From 01/01/2024 to 30/06/2025 VND	From 01/01/2024 to 30/06/2024 VND
Total profit profit plan maths before tax  The items thing adjust increase, decrease profit profit plan maths to body determine profit profit bear tax collect enter business career. The items thing adjust increase	(443,328,071)	(7,213,860,523)
- The items thing adjust reduce Total collect enter bear tax Not yet apart from trans Hole from the year before switch to	(443,328,071)	(7,213,860,523)
Total collect enter bear tax Satisfied apart from tra	(443,328,071)	(7,213,860,523)
Expense corporate income tax on TN bear tax year presently onion Expense corporate income tax year before submit supplement according to QT Expense corporate income tax must submit in year	777,935,410 777,935,410	
12. Interest muscle copy above neck vote and interest think reduce above neck vote	From 01/01/2024 to 30/06/2025 VND	From 01/01/2024 to 30/06/2024 VND
Profit plan maths after tax collect enter business career The items thing adjust increase ( decrease ) profit profit plan maths to body determine profit profit stool supplement for college common stock - The items thing adjust increase	(1,221,263,481)	(7,376,969,720) - -

- The items thing adjust reduce	•	· ·
+ Excerpt Fund praise reward happiness benefit (*)	-	-
+ Excerpt Fund reward surpass plan plan (*)	•	<u>.</u>
Profit stool supplement give neck winter office have neck vote universal information	(1,221,263,481)	(7,376,969,720)
infollitation		
Neck vote universal information in progress save onion jar army in period	5,467,432	5,467,432
Interest muscle copy above neck vote	(223)	(1,349)
Interest think reduce above neck vote	(223)	(1,349)
VII. OTHER INFORMATION		

#### 1. Report set part

Report set part Okay program display according to field area terrible business and area area land reason . Report set part main weak To be according to field area terrible business based on above muscle structure nest function and manage reason internal set and system Reporting System talent main internal set of the Company.

#### Report set part according to area area land rea

The company only active dynamic in area area land reason lead Vietnam should Are not program display newspaper fox set part according to area area land reason

#### Report set part according to field area terrible business

Activity dynamic terrible business owner weak of the Company is product export , purchase sell design object whether electricity and far information should Are not program display newspaper fox set part

The company has the field area terrible business main To be product export and love trade

Information about conclude fruit terrible business belong to set part according to field area terrible business of the Company as afte

Only pepper	Product export	Commerce	Pandemic service	Add
6/30/2024				
Revenue pure	25,110,292,283	23,570,070,421	3,325,296,185	52,005,658,889
Price capital row sell	25,558,083,668	21,021,591,679	865,841,750	47,445,517,097
Profit combine	(447,791,385)	2,548,478,742	2,459,454,435	4,560,141,792
6/30/2025				
Revenue pure	10,600,000	10,824,495,872	3,496,302,441	14,331,398,313
Price capital row sell	8,420,881	8,599,225,276	2,777,542,038	11,385,188,195
Profit combine	2,179,119	2,225,270,596	718,760,403	2,946,210,118

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) according to )

#### 2. Price treat fit reason belong to talent product and in debt Right pay talent main

	6/30/2025		1/1/2025	
	Price treat take note book	Attend room	Price treat take note	Attend room
Asset talent main				
Money and the section soy sauce present money	14,334,686,774	_	5,421,901,022	
The items head private hold hold arrive of				
Right collect guest row	21,921,275,703	(1,797,891,146)	54,003,727,776	(1,898,553,932)
Right collect other	4,780,171,879		12,670,598,486	
Asset talent main available sieve to sell		-		
Add	41,036,134,356	(1,797,891,146)	72,096,227,284	(1,898,553,932)
			Price treat take note book	
			6/30/2025	1/1/2025
Debt talent main				
The items get a loan			27,175,174,249	29,616,907,530
Right pay People sell			7,644,219,268	8,730,081,039
Right pay other			7,272,583,658	6,866,885,086
Add			42,091,977,175	45,213,873,655

The company has not body determine Okay price treat fit reason belong to talent product talent main and in debt Right pay talent main in day conclude end period plan maths according to information private No. 210/2009/TT-BTC issued by the Ministry of Finance November 6, 2009 also like the rule determine presently onion Not yet Have direction guide tool body about job body determine price treat fit reason belong to the talent product talent main and in debt Right pay talent Circular 210/2009/TT - BTC requires bridge pressure use Standard squid newspaper fox talent International Government about job program display newspaper fox talent main and theory bright information for with labour tool talent main But Not yet give go out direction guide soy sauce present give job fight price and take note receive labour tool talent Main includes chief iob pressure use price treat fit reason to edema fit with Standard squid newspaper fox talent International Government .

#### 3. Assets sure tell

The company has position accept talent product to sure tell give the section get a loan belong to echo goods (see) theory bright numbers V.01, V.10, V.12 and V.16). At time June 30, 2025 Company does not Have hold hold talent product sure tell any belong to single taste other.

#### 4. Risk round credit use

Risk round credit use To be risk round but opposite to work will Are not real presently the meaning service belong to me according to rule determine belong to one labour tool talent main or fit copper guest row, lead arrive damage lost about talent main. The company has risk round credit use from the active dynamic terrible business belong to me (owner) weak opposite to with the clause Right collect guest row) and from active dynamic talent main belong to i include chief money send echo row and the labour tool talent main other.

#### Right collect guest row

Job manage reason risk round credit use guest row of the Company based on above the main book , manual custom and rule program check control of the Company link mandarin arrive job manage reason risk round credit use guest row .

The items Right collect guest row Not yet pay often through Okay according to track. The segments product about ability power set up attend room Okay real presently in day set up newspaper fox above muscle office each guest row opposite to with the guest row big. on muscle office This Company does not Have risk round practice central about credit use

#### 5. Money send echo row

Part big money send echo row of the Company is send in the echo row big Have power credit in Vietnam. The company accepts see level degree practice central risk round credit use opposite to with money send echo row To be short.

Risk round bar section To be risk Company encountered difficult towel in job answer application the meaning service talent because of love status lack capital . risk round bar section of the Company born owner weak due to not soy sauce worthy in the period limit belong to talent product talent main and the section Right pay talent main .

Supervision company close risk round bar section equal job only maintain billion rate money face and the section soy sauce present money at level that the General Board Supervisor Governor give To be enough to support support talent main give the active dynamic terrible business of the Company and to reduce minimum image enjoy belong to those replace change the stream money.

Time information limit unique limit belong to in debt Right pay talent main of the Company based on above the price treat bar maths Not yet extract discount according to fit copper like after:

	From 01 year return down	From 01 year up to 05 years	Add
Number last year	37,861,602,526	4,230,374,649	42,091,977,175
The items get a loan	22,944,799,600	4,230,374,649	27,175,174,249
Right pay People sell	7,644,219,268		7,644,219,268
Right pay other	7,272,583,658		7,272,583,658
Number head year	40,097,329,760	5,116,543,895	45,213,873,655
The items get a loan	24,500,363,635	5,116,543,895	29,616,907,530
Right pay People sell	8,730,081,039		8,730,081,039
Right pay other	6,866,885,086		6,866,885,086

Company for that level degree practice central risk round opposite to with job pay in debt To be low. The company has ability power bar maths the section in debt arrive limit from current money from active dynamic terrible business and money collect from the talent product talent main unique deadline

#### 6. Risk round market school

Risk round market school To be risk round but price treat fit reason or the stream money in soy sauce hybrid belong to labour tool talent main will variable dynamic according to those replace change belong to price market school . risk round market The school includes 3 types: Risk round foreign bad, unlucky round interest rate and risk round about price other.

#### Risk round foreign bad

Risk round foreign bad To be risk round but price treat fit reason or the stream money in soy sauce hybrid belong to labour tool talent main will variable dynamic according to those replace change belong to billion price regret look

Management company reason risk round foreign bad equal way see consider market school presently onion and attend ants when the Company was established plan plan give the deliver pandemic in soy sauce hybrid equal foreign bad . The company close the risk round opposite to with the talent product and in debt Right pay talent main equal foreign bad .

#### Risk round interest rate

Risk round interest rate To be risk round but price treat fit reason or the stream money in soy sauce hybrid belong to one labour tool talent main will variable change action change interest rate market school . risk round about replace change interest rate market school of the parent company weak link mandarin arrive the section money send short term, the section get a loan.

Management company reason risk round interest rate equal way according to follow cut tight love image market school Have link mandarin to body determine main book interest rate fit reason Have profit give the item destination manage reason gender limit risk round of the Company.

The company does not real presently stool product degree sensitive opposite to with interest rate because risk change change interest rate in day set up newspaper fox To be Are not worth tell.

#### Risk round about price other

Risk round about price other To be risk round but price treat fit reason or the stream money in soy sauce hybrid belong to one labour tool talent main will variable dynamic according to those replace change belong to price market school outside replace change belong to interest rate and billion price regret look

#### 7. Number comparative data

Number comparative data To be number whether on Report talent main give year talent main conclude end December 31, 2024 and newspaper fox talent main give period plan maths from 01/01/2024 to 30/06/2024 by Translation Company Limited service Private Financial advice Plan maths and UHY Auditing and Consulting Limited Liability Company maths.

#### 8. Information about active dynamic link custom

During the period plan maths from 01/01/2025 to 30/06/2025 no Have active dynamic or the case release born any Have image enjoy worth tell arrive ability power active dynamic link custom of the Company. Because so , report talent main of the Company is set up above muscle office fake The Company will active dynamic link custom

Other information

PREPARED BY

(Signature, full name)

Nguyễn Tuyết Phương

PERSON IN CHARGE OF ACCOUNTING

(Signature, full name)

Nguyễn Tuyết Phương

Dong Nai , July 19 , 2025

(Signature for name,

THO PROPE

#### SAMETEL JOINT STOCK COMPANY

No.: 1907/2025/SMT-KTTC

Re: Explanation of QII 2025 Business Results

#### SOCIALIST REPUBLIC OF VIETNAM

Independence - Freedom - Happiness

Ho Chi Minh City, July 19, 2025

#### To: - The State Securities Commission

- Hanoi Stock Exchange

- Organization name: SAMETEL Joint Stock Company

- Head office: Street No. 1 - Long Thanh Industrial Park - Dong Nai Province

- Stock code: SMT

Pursuant to Circular 155/2015/TT-BTC dated October 6, 2015, and based on business performance results, SAMETEL Joint Stock Company hereby provides an explanation of the business performance results for QII 2025 compared to the same period in 2024:

#### **KEY BUSINESS INDICATORS**

QII 2025	QII 2024	2025/2024 Comparison
6.799.937.262	29.348.448.680	-76,83%
5.310.027.876	25.645.575.249	-79,29%
605.932.223	1.032.459.537	-41,31%
414.463.615	642.573.260	-35,50%
627.670.098	1.119.663.109	-43,94%
664.572.664	547.930.884	21,29%
508.472.805	1.261.308.691	-59,69%
	17.387.853	
508.472.805	1.243.920.838	-59,11%
	6.799.937.262 5.310.027.876 605.932.223 414.463.615 627.670.098 664.572.664 508.472.805	6.799.937.262       29.348.448.680         5.310.027.876       25.645.575.249         605.932.223       1.032.459.537         414.463.615       642.573.260         627.670.098       1.119.663.109         664.572.664       547.930.884         508.472.805       1.261.308.691         17.387.853

#### **Explanation of Changes:**

- Net sales revenue decreased by 76,83% compared to QII 2024 due to the company restructuring its business lines, focusing solely on the electricity segment and cutting the telecommunications segment.
- Cost of goods sold decreased by 79,29%, corresponding to the decrease in revenue.
- Financial expenses decreased by 41,31% as the company reduced its debt.
- Selling expenses decreased by 35,50% due to the ongoing restructuring efforts.
- General and administrative expenses increased by 43,94% as part of the company's restructuring.



- During the year, the company restructured its entire system, liquidating all equipment in unprofitable business segments.
- Post-tax profit decreased due to restructuring and cost optimization compared to the same period.

We hereby certify that the information disclosed above is truthful, and we take full responsibility before the law for the content disclosed.

GENERAL DIRECTOR



